**Financial Statements Together with Report of Independent Public Accountants** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



# **JUNE 30, 2022**

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Members of the Town Council Town of Centreville, Maryland

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Centreville, Maryland (the Town), as of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Town's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the Town's pension plan contributions, schedule of revenue and expenditures – budget and actual (budgetary basis) – General fund, and schedule of net OPEB



liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental balance sheet and schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund and schedule of revenue, expenses and changes in net position for the proprietary fund are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental balance sheet and schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund and schedule of revenue, expenses and changes in net position for the proprietary fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental balance sheet and schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund and schedule of revenue, expenses and changes in net position for the proprietary fund are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Owings Mills, Maryland October 26, 2022

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# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of the annual financial statements of the Town of Centreville, Maryland (the Town) presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of fiscal year June 30, 2022 by \$36,272,041 (net position). Approximately 60% of this amount is attributable to the business-type activities. Of the total net position, \$7,266,999 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors (43% is attributable to the business-type activities). Of the remaining total net position, \$2,177,685 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position) and \$26,827,357 is the net investment in capital assets.
- As of June 30, 2022, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances was \$7,543,580.
- The Town's total debt decreased by \$1,076,615 through principal payments to a year-end balance of \$14,226,671, which is well below the legal debt limit per the Town Charter as discussed in Note 13, Borrowing Limit.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,260,456 or 98% of total general fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide statements are on a full accrual accounting basis, including the elimination and/or reclassification of internal activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Overview of the Financial Statements** (continued)

### Government-wide financial statements (continued)

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement which represent items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, sanitation, parks and recreation, cemetery and stormwater and watershed management. The business-type activities of the Town include water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

### Fund financial statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Overview of the Financial Statements** (continued)

### Governmental funds (continued)

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view and the fund focus includes the short-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. A budgetary comparison statement can be found on pages 49-50 of this report.

### Proprietary fund

The Town maintains one proprietary fund: an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer infrastructure and operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Town. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

### Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are part of the basic financial statements and can be found on pages 23-45 of this report.

### Required supplementary information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparison of the Town's change in net OPEB liability for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to its employees and the Town's proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability. Required supplementary information is located on pages 47-51 of this report.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Over time, changes in net position serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$36,272,041 as of June 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the Town's net position (74%) reflects its investment in capital assets, net of depreciation (e.g., buildings, land, improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and sewer and water utility systems), less any unmatured debt used to acquire or construct those assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position (\$2.2 million or 6%) represents resources that are restricted by enabling legislation on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (20%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town reports positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental activities. Business-type activities report positive balances in all net position categories.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

A summary of government-wide assets, liabilities and net position is as follows:

	Governmental		Busine	ess-type	Total			
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Primary Government			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 8,197,964	\$ 6,954,058	\$ 4,114,996	\$ 2,231,021	\$ 12,312,960	\$ 9,185,079		
Capital assets, net	12,288,528	12,473,628	28,765,346	29,035,323	41,053,874	41,508,951		
Total Assets	20,486,492	19,427,686	32,880,342	31,266,344	53,366,834	50,694,030		
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	563,137	375,095			563,137	375,095		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	597,272	359,185	1,798,574	1,768,499	2,395,846	2,127,684		
Long-term liabilities	5,241,607	5,788,900	9,430,964	10,253,610	14,672,571	16,042,510		
Total Liabilities	5,838,879	6,148,085	11,229,538	12,022,109	17,068,417	18,170,194		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	589,513	90,832			589,513	90,832		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	8,315,671	8,235,021	18,511,686	17,970,798	26,827,357	26,205,819		
Restricted	2,177,685	1,624,395	-	-	2,177,685	1,624,395		
Unrestricted	4,127,881	3,704,448	3,139,118	1,273,437	7,266,999	4,977,885		
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 14,621,237	\$ 13,563,864	\$ 21,650,804	\$ 19,244,235	\$ 36,272,041	\$ 32,808,099		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis** (continued)

The Town's net position increased \$3,463,942 during the year ended June 30, 2022. This increase is a result of a \$1,057,373 increase in governmental activities and a \$2,406,569 increase in business-type activities.

The governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$1,057,373. Key elements are as follows:

- Depreciation expense of \$1,719,814.
- Speed Camera revenue has brought in an increase of steady Public Service revenue in addition to accomplishing traffic calming measures.
- There was an increase in the Public Utility Tax from \$7.00 per \$100 of assessed value to \$13.00 per \$100 of assessed value.
- Local income revenues saw an increase in of 1-2 % from expectations.

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,406,569. The components of the change in the business-type activities are as follows:

- Water and Sewer services expenses increased slightly during the fiscal year 2022.
- Charges for services for water and sewer fees continued to increase as a result of a rate increase that totals 25% this FY.
- Revenues related to water and sewer allocations and meter equipment did not increased substantially as the new development of real estate slowed down during the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis** (continued)

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The following table summarizes changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities during the year:

	Governn		Business	v I	Total Primary Government			
	Activi 2022	2021	Activi 2022	2021	2022	vernment 2021		
Revenue	2022	2021	2022	2021		2021		
Program revenue:	\$ 708.568	\$ 628,856	\$ 2,786,562	\$ 2.830,260	\$ 3,495,130	\$ 3,459,116		
Charges for services	384,531		,,	\$ 2,830,260	-, -, -,			
Operating grants and contributions General revenue:	384,531	461,439	2,435,561	-	2,820,092	461,439		
	2 210 000	2 400 005			2 210 000	2 400 005		
Property taxes	3,218,089	2,400,085	-	-	3,218,089	2,400,085		
Other taxes	1,835,627	1,297,061		-	1,835,627	1,297,061		
Other	240,812	511,572	47	100	240,859	511,672		
Total Revenue	6,387,627	5,299,013	5,222,170	2,830,360	11,609,797	8,129,373		
Program Expenses								
General government	1,380,240	1,288,173	-	-	1,380,240	1,288,173		
Public safety	1,622,172	1,620,567	-	-	1,622,172	1,620,567		
Public works	1,757,359	1,884,792	-	-	1,757,359	1,884,792		
Parks and recreation	294,482	103,782	-	-	294,482	103,782		
Cemetery	32,563	50,782	-	-	32,563	50,782		
Stormwater/Watershed	52,739	64,947	-	-	52,739	64,947		
Centreville wharf	70,206	216,172	-	-	70,206	216,172		
Interest on long-term debt	120,493	140,439	-		120,493	140,439		
Enterprise expenses								
Water, sewer & farm		-	2,815,601	2,518,453	2,815,601	2,518,453		
<b>Total Program Expenses</b>	5,330,254	5,369,654	2,815,601	2,518,453	8,145,855	7,888,107		
Transfers								
Change in Net Position	1,057,373	(70,641)	2,406,569	311,907	3,463,942	241,266		
Net position, beginning of year	13,563,864	13,634,505	19,244,235	18,932,328	32,808,099	32,566,833		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 14,621,237	\$ 13,563,864	\$ 21,650,804	\$ 19,244,235	\$ 36,272,041	\$ 32,808,099		

### **Business-type** Activities

Revenue from the Town's business-type activities was \$5,222,170 and expenses were \$2,815,601. The Enterprise Fund's costs of operation are shared equally by the users. As with most municipalities throughout the United States, these costs will continue to provide many challenges in the coming years due to aging infrastructure. The Town Council continues with its philosophy of having new development pay for any infrastructure improvements required to accommodate the demands placed on the Town's infrastructure by the new development. With the continued slow growth, building activity has been at a minimum resulting in a slight decrease of residential and commercial allocation fee revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis** (continued)

#### Governmental Activities

Revenue from the Town's governmental activities was \$6,387,627 while total expenses were \$5,330,254. The table below presents the cost of each of the Town's seven largest services – general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, cemetery, stormwater/watershed management and Centreville wharf, as well as each service's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid).

	 <b>Total Cost of Services</b>					let Cost (Surp	lus) of Services		
	2022	2021			2022			2021	
General government	\$ 1,380,240	\$	1,288,173		\$	1,005,767	\$	833,071	
Public safety	1,622,172		1,620,567			1,548,234		1,538,807	
Public works	1,757,359	1,884,792			1,112,671			1,331,359	
Parks and recreation	294,482	103,782				294,482		103,782	
Cemetery	32,563		50,782			32,563		50,782	
Stormwater/Watershed	52,739	64,947		64,947		52,739		64,947	
Centreville wharf	 70,206		216,172			70,206		216,172	
Total	\$ 5,209,761	\$	5,229,215		\$	4,116,662	\$	4,138,920	

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these services.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year, excluding interest, was approximately \$5.2 million. Some of that cost was financed by:
  - o Those who directly benefited from the programs (\$709 thousand); or
  - o Other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$384 thousand).
- The Town financed the remaining \$4.1 million "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with taxes.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **General Fund**

	Percent of					
	2022	Total	2021	Total		
Revenue						
General property taxes	\$ 4,146,452	66%	\$ 2,870,225	55%		
Local income taxes	845,305	13%	757,335	15%		
Licenses and permits	165,166	3%	119,809	2%		
Charges for services	543,402	9%	509,047	10%		
Intergovernmental	384,531	6%	461,439	9%		
Miscellaneous	223,610	3%	496,913	9%		
Total Revenue	\$ 6,308,466	100%	\$ 5,214,768	100%		

General property taxes comprise the largest source of Town revenue, totaling \$4.1 million (66%) of total revenues for the general fund for fiscal year 2022. Each municipality sets its own property tax rates within parameters established by the State. For fiscal year 2022, the Town's property tax rate increased from \$0.405 to \$0.535 per \$100 of assessed value of real property.

Charges for services totaling \$543 thousand (9%) reflect fees charged to Town citizens. These primarily support public works, sanitation and waste removal, cemetery maintenance and upkeep, and various general government administrative services such as permit review, subdivision and site fees.

Local income taxes totaled \$845 thousand or approximately 13% of total governmental revenue. This revenue source fluctuates with changes in personal income levels, the ups and downs of the economy and also has some association with unemployment rates during the fiscal year.

		Percent of		Percent of
	2022	Total	2021	Total
Expenditures:				
Current operations:				
General government	\$ 1,213,076	22%	\$ 1,065,595	21%
Public safety	1,569,944	29%	1,451,330	28%
Public works	1,121,452	21%	998,892	20%
Parks and recreation	272,954	5%	71,160	1%
Cemetery	32,444	1%	50,782	1%
Stormwater/Watershed	2,794	0%	1,553	0%
Centreville wharf	48,092	1%	185,775	4%
Capital outlays	730,434	14%	102,583	2%
Debt service:				
Principal	265,750	5%	1,048,291	20%
Interest	120,493	2%	140,439	3%
Total	\$ 5,377,433	100%	\$ 5,116,400	100%

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Town adopts an operating budget as of July 1 each year and amends that budget throughout the year in response to actual events. The Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual can be found as part of the Required Supplementary Information, which is located after the Notes on pages 49 and 50. The schedule reports original and final budgets as well as the variance between actual expenditures and final budget.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

	Governmental Activities		 <b>Business-typ</b>	e Activities	Total			
	2022		2021	2022	2021		2022	2021
Land	\$	2,877,305	\$ 2,877,305	\$ 1,340,863	\$ 1,340,863	\$	4,218,168	\$ 4,218,168
Buildings and improvements		8,864,778	9,345,108	27,276,996	27,694,460		36,141,774	37,039,568
Equipment		546,445	251,215	147,487	<u> </u>		693,932	251,215
Total	\$	12,288,528	\$ 12,473,628	\$ 28,765,346	\$ 29,035,323	\$	41,053,874	\$ 41,508,951

The Town's total investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounts to approximately \$41.1 million and \$41.5 million as of June 30, 2022 and 1899, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment, furniture, fixtures, park amenities, vehicles, roads, and water and sewer infrastructure.

The Town's total investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year, net of depreciation, decreased by approximately \$455 thousand. Of this amount, governmental investment in capital assets decreased by \$185 thousand and business-type investment in capital assets decreased by \$270 thousand.

Additional information can be found in Note 7 on pages 33-34 of this report.

### Debt administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total long-term debt outstanding of \$14.2 million in loans and bond commitments.

	Governmental Activities		Business-tyl	oe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Mortgage loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Bonds payable	3,972,857	4,238,607	10,253,814	11,064,679	14,226,671	15,303,286		
Total	\$ 3,972,857	\$ 4,238,607	\$ 10,253,814	\$ 11,064,679	\$ 14,226,671	\$ 15,303,286		

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt is located in Note 8, starting on page 34 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Subsequent Items for Future Financial Statements**

The General Fund Budget for FY23 is based on a tax rate of \$0.535 per \$100 off assessment and remains the same as the rate in FY22.

In March of 2020, the Governor of the State of Maryland declared a state of emergency in response to the evolving outbreak of the COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus. Subsequently, through a series of executive orders, the Governor closed all non-essential businesses in the State and directed all State residents to stay in their homes except to conduct essential activities. The Town has assessed the potential impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on the FY23 budget and factored in the potential impact in developing the FY23 budget.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department at 101 Lawyers Row, Centreville, Maryland 21617.

# Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,551,538	\$ 4,065,417	\$ 10,616,955	
Accounts receivable - taxes	475,723	-	475,723	
Accounts receivable - accounts - net	59,885	1,060,733	1,120,618	
Note receivable	99,664	<del>-</del>	99,664	
Internal balances	1,011,154	(1,011,154)		
Total Current Assets	8,197,964	4,114,996	12,312,960	
Noncurrent Assets				
Non-depreciable assets	2,877,305	1,340,863	4,218,168	
Capital assets, net	9,411,223	27,424,483	36,835,706	
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,288,528	28,765,346	41,053,874	
Total Assets	20,486,492	32,880,342	53,366,834	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pension	392,087	_	392,087	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	171,050	_	171,050	
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	563,137		563,137	
LIA DILITITO				
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	200,140	58,062	258,202	
Accrued payroll	126,857	27,729	154,586	
Unearned revenue	-	890,087	890,087	
Current portion of long term debt	270,275	822,696	1,092,971	
Total Current Liabilities	597,272	1,798,574	2,395,846	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences	432,927	_	432,927	
Net OPEB liability	383,156	_	383,156	
Net pension liability	722,942	_	722,942	
Long term debt, net of current portion	3,702,582	9,430,964	13,133,546	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,241,607	9,430,964	14,672,571	
Total Liabilities	5,838,879	11,229,538	17,068,417	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pension	471,439		471,439	
Deferred inflows related to PEB	118,074	-	118,074	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	589,513	<u>-</u>	589,513	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	8,315,671	18,511,686	26,827,357	
Restricted	2,177,685	-	2,177,685	
Unrestricted	4,127,881	3,139,118	7,266,999	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,621,237	\$ 21,650,804	\$ 36,272,041	

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenu	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 1,380,240	\$ 338,947	\$ 35,526	\$ -	\$ (1,005,767)	\$ -	\$ (1,005,767)		
Public safety	1,622,172	-	73,938	-	(1,548,234)	-	(1,548,234)		
Public works	1,757,359	369,621	275,067	-	(1,112,671)	-	(1,112,671)		
Parks and recreation	294,482	-	-	-	(294,482)	-	(294,482)		
Cemetery	32,563	-	-	-	(32,563)	-	(32,563)		
Stormwater/Watershed	52,739	-	-	-	(52,739)	-	(52,739)		
Centreville wharf	70,206	-	-	-	(70,206)	-	(70,206)		
Interest	120,493				(120,493)		(120,493)		
Total Governmental Activities	5,330,254	708,568	384,531		(4,237,155)		(4,237,155)		
Business-type Activities									
Water, sewer & farm	2,815,601	2,786,562	2,435,561			2,406,522	2,406,522		
Total Business-type Activities	2,815,601	2,786,562	2,435,561			2,406,522	2,406,522		
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,145,855	\$ 3,495,130	\$ 2,820,092	\$ -	(4,237,155)	2,406,522	(1,830,633)		
			General Revenue:						
			Taxes						
			Property taxes		3,218,089	_	3,218,089		
			Public utility tax	tes	928,363	_	928,363		
			Income taxes		907,264	_	907,264		
			Interest and invest	tment earnings	44,654	47	44,701		
			Miscellaneous	C	196,158	_	196,158		
			Total General Rever	nue	5,294,528	47	5,294,575		
			Change in Net Posi	ition	1,057,373	2,406,569	3,463,942		
			Net position, beginn		13,563,864	19,244,235	32,808,099		
			Net Position, End		\$ 14,621,237	\$ 21,650,804	\$ 36,272,041		

# Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS					-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,802,981	\$	1,748,557	\$	6,551,538	
Accounts receivable - taxes		475,723		-		475,723	
Accounts receivable - accounts - net		59,885		-		59,885	
Note receivable		99,664		-		99,664	
Due from other fund		1,011,154				1,011,154	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,449,407	\$	1,748,557	\$	8,197,964	
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Accrued payroll  TOTAL LIABILITIES  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	200,140 126,857 326,997 327,387	\$	- - -	\$	200,140 126,857 326,997 327,387	
FUND BALANCES		527,667				527,507	
Non-spendable		99,664		_		99,664	
Restricted		329,464		1,748,557		2,078,021	
Committed		105,439		-		105,439	
Unassigned		5,260,456		-		5,260,456	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	•	5,795,023		1,748,557		7,543,580	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS					_		
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,449,407	\$	1,748,557	\$	8,197,964	

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2022

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>	\$ 7,543,580
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	12,288,528
Receivables pertaining to revenues that are not available in accordance with modified accrual accounting are reported as deferred inflows	
of resources in the funds.	327,387
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB.	(26,376)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes not due and payable in the current period and payable, OPEB, and compensated absences,	
are not reported in the funds.	 (5,511,882)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 14,621,237

# Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Total
				Special	Go	vernmental
	General Fund		Revenue Fund			Funds
REVENUE						
Property taxes	\$	4,146,452	\$	-	\$	4,146,452
Local income taxes		845,305		-		845,305
Intergovernmental revenue		384,531		-		384,531
Licenses and permits		165,166		-		165,166
Charges for services		543,402		-		543,402
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Other		196,158		-		196,158
Investment earnings		27,452		17,202		44,654
Total Revenues		6,308,466		17,202		6,325,668
EXPENDITURES						
General government		1,213,076		_		1,213,076
Public safety		1,569,944		_		1,569,944
Public works		1,121,452		_		1,121,452
Parks and recreation		272,954		_		272,954
Cemetery		32,444		_		32,444
Storm water/watershed		2,794		_		2,794
Centreville wharf		48,092		_		48,092
Capital outlays		730,434		_		730,434
Debt service		700,101				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Principal		265,750		_		265,750
Interest		120,493		_		120,493
Total Expenditures		5,377,433				5,377,433
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
<b>Expenditures and Other Financing Uses</b>		931,033		17,202		948,235
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer in		_		518,901		518,901
Transfer out		(518,901)		-		(518,901)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		(518,901)		518,901		-
Change in Fund Balance		412,132		536,103		948,235
Fund Balance, beginning of year		5,382,891		1,212,454		6,595,345
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,795,023	\$	1,748,557	\$	7,543,580

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 948,235
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense: this is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period and loss on disposal of capital assets.	(185,100)
Pension/OPEB expense pertaining to the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred inflows, and deferred outflows are not reported in the funds.	32,338
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	61,959
Some expenses representing the change in long-term liabilities or assets reported in the Statement of Activities, including compensated absences, do not use current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(65,809)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	 265,750
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,057,373

# Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2022

Current Assets         Fund           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 4,065,417           Accounts receivable         1,060,733           Total Current Assets         5,126,150           Non-Current Assets         28,765,346           Capital assets, net         28,765,346           TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES         5           Current Liabilities         27,729           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Uncarned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118           TOTAL NET POSITION         \$ 21,650,804	ASSETS	Enterprise Fund				
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 4,065,417           Accounts receivable         1,060,733           Total Current Assets         5,126,150           Non-Current Assets         28,765,346           TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES         \$ 28,765,346           Current Liabilities         \$ 8,062           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Uncarned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118						
Accounts receivable         1,060,733           Total Current Assets         5,126,150           Non-Current Assets         28,765,346           TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES         20,765,346           Current Liabilities         58,062           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Unearned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118		\$ 4.065.417				
Total Current Assets         5,126,150           Non-Current Assets         28,765,346           TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES         58,062           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Uncarned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118	1					
Non-Current Assets       28,765,346         TOTAL ASSETS       33,891,496         LIABILITIES       Second to payable and the payor of the pay						
Capital assets, net         28,765,346           TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Unearned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118	Total Current Assets	3,126,130				
TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities         58,062           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Unearned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118	Non-Current Assets					
TOTAL ASSETS         33,891,496           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities         58,062           Accounts payable         58,062           Accrued payroll expense         27,729           Unearned revenue         890,087           Due to other fund         1,011,154           Current portion of long-term debt         822,696           Total Current Liabilities         2,809,728           Noncurrent Liabilities         9,430,964           TOTAL LIABILITIES         12,240,692           NET POSITION         18,511,686           Unrestricted         3,139,118	Capital assets, net	28,765,346				
Current Liabilities       58,062         Accounts payable       58,062         Accrued payroll expense       27,729         Unearned revenue       890,087         Due to other fund       1,011,154         Current portion of long-term debt       822,696         Total Current Liabilities       2,809,728         Noncurrent Liabilities       9,430,964         TOTAL LIABILITIES       12,240,692         NET POSITION       18,511,686         Unrestricted       3,139,118	•					
Accounts payable       58,062         Accrued payroll expense       27,729         Unearned revenue       890,087         Due to other fund       1,011,154         Current portion of long-term debt       822,696         Total Current Liabilities       2,809,728         Noncurrent Liabilities       9,430,964         TOTAL LIABILITIES       12,240,692         NET POSITION       18,511,686         Unrestricted       3,139,118	LIABILITIES					
Accrued payroll expense       27,729         Unearned revenue       890,087         Due to other fund       1,011,154         Current portion of long-term debt       822,696         Total Current Liabilities       2,809,728         Noncurrent Liabilities       9,430,964         TOTAL LIABILITIES       12,240,692         NET POSITION       18,511,686         Unrestricted       3,139,118	Current Liabilities					
Accrued payroll expense       27,729         Unearned revenue       890,087         Due to other fund       1,011,154         Current portion of long-term debt       822,696         Total Current Liabilities       2,809,728         Noncurrent Liabilities       9,430,964         TOTAL LIABILITIES       12,240,692         NET POSITION       18,511,686         Unrestricted       3,139,118	Accounts payable	58,062				
Unearned revenue 890,087 Due to other fund 1,011,154 Current portion of long-term debt 822,696 Total Current Liabilities 2,809,728  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt, net of current liabilities 9,430,964  TOTAL LIABILITIES 12,240,692  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,511,686 Unrestricted 3,139,118	_ :	27,729				
Current portion of long-term debt Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt, net of current liabilities  TOTAL LIABILITIES  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  822,696 2,809,728   9,430,964 12,240,692	* * *	890,087				
Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities  Long-term debt, net of current liabilities  TOTAL LIABILITIES  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  2,809,728  9,430,964  12,240,692	Due to other fund	1,011,154				
Noncurrent Liabilities Long-term debt, net of current liabilities  TOTAL LIABILITIES  9,430,964 12,240,692  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  18,511,686 3,139,118	Current portion of long-term debt	822,696				
Long-term debt, net of current liabilities  TOTAL LIABILITIES  12,240,692  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  18,511,686 3,139,118	Total Current Liabilities	2,809,728				
TOTAL LIABILITIES  12,240,692  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  18,511,686 3,139,118	Noncurrent Liabilities					
TOTAL LIABILITIES  12,240,692  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  18,511,686 3,139,118	Long-term debt, net of current liabilities	9,430,964				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  18,511,686 3,139,118		12,240,692				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  18,511,686 3,139,118	NET POSITION					
Unrestricted 3,139,118		18.511.686				
	<u>-</u>					
	TOTAL NET POSITION	-				

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenue	¢ 2796562
Charges for services  Total Operating Revenue	\$ 2,786,562 2,786,562
Total Operating Revenue	2,760,302
Operating Expenses	
Salaries and benefits	789,070
Contractual services	221,526
Chemicals, labs and operating supplies	133,337
Utilities	171,405
Repairs and maintenance	435,664
Other operating	6,478
Depreciation	737,578_
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	2,495,058
Operating Income	291,504
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	
Investment earnings	47
Grant revenue	2,435,561
Interest expense	(308,548)
Other non-operating expenses	(11,995)
<b>Net Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)</b>	2,115,065
Change in Net Position	2,406,569
Total net position, beginning of year	19,244,235_
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 21,650,804

# Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	E	Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	2,846,228
Cash paid to suppliers, services etc.		(970,075)
Cash paid to employees		(771,977)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		1,104,176
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets		(467,601)
Principal paid on debt		(810,865)
Loan administrative fees		(11,995)
Interest paid on capital debt		(308,548)
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,599,009)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Payments to other funds		(1,883,864)
Proceeds from grants		2,435,561
Net Cash from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		551,697
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest and dividends		47
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		56,911
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,008,506
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	4,065,417
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$	291,504
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:	Ψ	23 1,0 0 .
Depreciation expense		737,578
Changes in assets and liabilities:		,
Change in accounts receivable		56,801
Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses		15,428
Change in unearned revenue		2,865
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	1,104,176

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **The Reporting Entity**

The Town of Centreville, Maryland (the Town) operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Town's major operations include public safety, parks and recreation, public works, public cemetery, stormwater and watershed management, and general administrative services. In addition, the Town owns and operates a water and sewer system including a farm for spray irrigation.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the Town are financially accountable and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the Town's financial statements to be misleading. Based upon the application of criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, there are no separate component units of the Town.

### **Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting**

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The Town's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories.

Governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Fund is an investment fund in that only the fund's investment earnings may be used to support the government's programs, without approval from the citizens of the government. The Special Revenue Fund's principal can be used upon approved by the citizens of the government. The Capital Project Fund is to be used to account for capital outlays financed by general obligation debt for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting (continued)**

The Proprietary Fund includes the Enterprise Fund. The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Town operates one Enterprise Fund: the Water and Sewer Fund.

### **Basis of Accounting - Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town, the primary government, as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between funds). This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenue for each segment of the business-type activities of the Town and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect costs are allocated to programs. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Program revenue include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenue which is not classified as program revenue is presented as general revenue. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is selffinancing or draws from the general revenues of the Town. Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position and the use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town. The focus of governmental and enterprise financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column.

### **Governmental Funds**

Town activities pertaining to general government, public safety, public works, recreation, and culture are reported in the governmental funds. All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

### **Revenue Recognition**

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e. collectible within the current year or within two months of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). These include property taxes, franchise taxes, investment earnings, charges for services and intergovernmental revenue.

Some revenue, though measurable, is not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, some revenue is recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources.

Other revenue, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenue, is recorded as revenue when received in cash because it is generally not measurable until actually received.

### **Expenditure Recognition**

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources/(expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid.

Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Proprietary Fund**

The Town's water and sewer activities are reported in the proprietary fund. The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund accounts for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Operating revenue is comprised primarily of charges for services and non-operating revenue is comprised primarily of interest and investment earnings.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

### Receivables

Receivables are stated at cost with an allowance for doubtful accounts when, in the opinion of Town management, collection is doubtful.

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consist of taxes, grants, accounts (billings for user charged services, including utility services), special assessments, and accrued interest on investments. The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data, and in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance for uncollectible accounts in the general fund amounted to \$130,716 as of June 30, 2022.

### **Inventory of Supplies**

Inventories, if any, are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds and expenses in the proprietary type funds when used.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. The Town recognizes intangible assets if identifiable and are amortized over their useful lives if they do not have indefinite useful lives.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property and equipment are not reported in governmental funds. In the fund financial statements, the cost of assets acquired in the governmental funds is charged to the capital outlay expenditures of the department financing the acquisition. Depreciation is not reported in governmental funds.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure	10-50 years
Land improvements	10-30 years
Buildings	20-50 years
Building improvements	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Water and sewer system	5-50 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

#### **Restricted Reserves**

The Town uses restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

A *deferred outflow of resources* represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Likewise, a *deferred inflow of resources* represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Interest Expense**

Interest is expensed as incurred except when interest is incurred during the construction period, and is capitalized as part of the cost of the asset.

### **Compensated Absences**

Permanent full-time employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts up to specified maximums, depending on tenure with the Town. Sick leave balances can be accumulated up to the maximum allowable per calendar year of 480 hours. An employee is entitled to receive payment for all unused vacation and 50% of the sick leave upon termination. The estimated current portion of the liability for vested vacation and sick leave benefits attributable to the Town's governmental funds is recorded as an expenditure and liability in the respective funds. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### **Estimates**

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported revenue, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

### **Equity Classifications**

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings, and reduced or increased by deferred inflows and outflows attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation and are reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those constraints.

*Unrestricted net position* – The remaining net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Governmental Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- 1. Non-Spendable Fund Balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of restrictions imposed externally by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by the Town Charter, Town Code or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Town Council, the Town's highest level of decision-making authority, ordinance or resolution.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent that they will be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Pursuant to the Town Charter, the Town Manager and the Town Council are authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Town considers restricted fund balances to be spent for governmental expenditures first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The Town also considers committed fund balances should be spent first when other unrestricted fund balance classifications are available for use.

### **Budget Requirements, Accounting, and Reporting**

An annual budget is adopted for the Town's General fund. At least 32 days prior to July 1 of each year, the Council is presented with a proposed budget. The Town Council may subsequently amend the budget, and the budget was amended during fiscal year 2022. For day-to-day management control, expenditures may not exceed budget at the department level. The department manager has the authority to apply amounts within the department, so long as the total appropriation for a department is not adjusted. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end. The Town prepares an annual operating budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### **Deposit Policies**

The Town's authority to invest surplus cash is derived directly from State law. That law restricts investments to: deposits in financial institutions insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, collateralized repurchase agreements, guaranteed bankers acceptances and the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

The Town's deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department, or agent in the name of the Town.

### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned, or the Town will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Town's policy requires deposits to be insured by FDIC, and balances exceeding FDIC limits be secured by collateral. Collateral is to be held by the Town, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Town.

At year-end, the carrying amounts of the Town's deposits were \$10,616,955 and the bank balances totaled \$10,865,013. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was insured by FDIC. Shore United Bank (SUB) has issued an irrevocable letter of credit for \$10 million, balances maintained above the letter of credit limit are covered by securities held by SUB pledged to secure the Town's deposits. All certificates of deposits are investments. At year-end, the Town's bank balances were not exposed to any custodial credit risk because all deposits were fully insured or collateralized.

#### **Investment Policies**

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

**Interest Rate Risk** is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Town does not have a policy relating to interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer. The Town's policy requires deposits to be insured by FDIC, and balances exceeding FDIC limits be secured by collateral. Collateral is to be held by the Town, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Town.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

### **Investment Policies** (continued)

For investments, **custodial credit risk** is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Town policy provides that investment collateral is held by a third-party custodian with whom the Town has a current custodial agreement in the Town's name.

Generally, the Town's investing activities are managed by the Clerk-Treasurer and the Town Council. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the Town Council complying with State Statutes and the Town Charter. Town funds may be invested in: 1) Direct obligations of, or obligations insured or guaranteed by, the United States of America; 2) Bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued by Bank of Cooperatives, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Bank System, Export-Import Bank of the United States, Federal Land Banks, Government National Mortgage Association, Tennessee Valley Authority, and Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority; and 3) Time deposits or certificates of deposit secured by obligations described in 1 or 2 above.

### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - TAXES

As of June 30, 2022, due from other governments, a component of taxes receivable, was comprised of local income tax due from the State of Maryland for \$475,723.

### 4. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

Generally, outstanding balances between funds, reported as "due to/from other funds," include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding at year-end, and other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding as of the end of the fiscal year are described as due to/from other funds.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 4. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES (continued)

The following schedule reports receivables and payables within the reporting entity as of fiscal year-end:

	Due from	Due to Other
	Other Funds	Funds
Governmental activities		
General fund	\$ 1,011,154	\$ -
Business-type activities	\$ -	\$ 1,011,154

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the general fund transferred \$518,901 to the special revenue fund.

### 5. PROPERTY TAX

Real estate and personal property taxes are levied based on the State of Maryland assessments. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Town. Real property taxes are levied on the first day of July on the assessed value. When taxes are overdue, a lien is placed against the property. Taxes are due and payable on the first day of July in the year for which they are levied and become overdue and in arrears on the first day of the following October. Penalties and interest are charged on any unpaid taxes. The property tax rate for fiscal year 2022 was \$0.535 per \$100 of assessed value for real property, and the public utility property tax of \$13.00 per \$100 of assessed value. The Town has no personal property taxes.

### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022
June 30, 2021	mereases	Decreases	June 30, 2022
\$ 2,877,305	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,877,305
19,381,363	364,229	-	19,745,592
1,812,039	388,271	-	2,200,310
21,193,402	752,500		21,945,902
24,070,707	752,500		24,823,207
10,036,255	844,559	-	10,880,814
1,560,824	93,041		1,653,865
11,597,079	937,600		12,534,679
\$ 12,473,628	\$ (185,100)	\$ -	\$ 12,288,528
	\$ 2,877,305 19,381,363 1,812,039 21,193,402 24,070,707 10,036,255 1,560,824 11,597,079	June 30, 2021     Increases       \$ 2,877,305     \$ -       19,381,363     364,229       1,812,039     388,271       21,193,402     752,500       24,070,707     752,500       10,036,255     844,559       1,560,824     93,041       11,597,079     937,600	June 30, 2021         Increases         Decreases           \$ 2,877,305         \$ -         \$ -           19,381,363         364,229         -           1,812,039         388,271         -           21,193,402         752,500         -           24,070,707         752,500         -           10,036,255         844,559         -           1,560,824         93,041         -           11,597,079         937,600         -

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION** (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 164,388
Public safety	48,694
Public works	631,797
Parks and recreation	21,301
Stormwater/watershed	49,801
Centreville Wharf	 21,619
Total	\$ 937,600

	Balance June 30, 2021		I	Increases Decrea		eases	Balance June 30, 2022	
<b>Business-type Activities</b>								
Not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,340,863	\$		\$		\$ 1,340,863	
Depreciable capital assets:							_	
Buildings and improvements		37,967,687		225,168		-	38,192,855	
Equipment		824,598		242,433		-	1,067,031	
Subtotal		38,792,285		467,601		_	39,259,886	
Total capital assets		40,133,148		467,601		_	 40,600,749	
Accumulated depreciation:							 _	
Buildings and improvements		10,273,227		642,632		-	10,915,859	
Equipment		824,598		94,946		-	919,544	
Subtotal, accumulated depreciation		11,097,825		737,578		_	11,835,403	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	29,035,323	\$	(269,977)	\$	_	\$ 28,765,346	

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **Governmental Activities**

Bond payable, Community Development Administration Local Government Infrastructure Bonds 2012 Series A (Ambac Insured); payable in annual installments beginning May 1, 2013; interest at 3.562%; interest paid on unpaid principal installment amounts due and payable in semiannual payments commencing November 1, 2012; thereafter due first day of May and November each year; thereafter until maturity; the term for this obligation is 20 years. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$1,095,850.

Bond payable, Community Development Administration Local Government Infrastructure Bonds 2016 Series A-1 and A-2; payable in annual installments beginning October 1, 2016, including principal and interest at 2.54%; final payment due April 1, 2036. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$2,877,007.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Bond payable, Water Quality State Revolving Fund Bond, Series 2009 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), payable in annual installments beginning February 1, 2011; interest at 1%; interest paid on the unpaid principal amounts advanced under the loan agreement started on August 1, 2010 and semi-annually thereafter on the first day of August and February each year through February 2027; maximum principal amount of loan commitment is \$2,281,000. Final principal amount advanced was \$1,812,481. An annual fee of \$6,318 is paid by the town to MDE for administering the loan. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$496,709.

Bond payable, Community Development Administration Local Government Infrastructure Bonds 2016 Series A-1 and A-2; payable in annual installments beginning October 1, 2016, including principal and interest at 2.54%; final payment due April 1, 2036. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$2,862,500.

Bond payable, Community Development Administration Local Government Infrastructure Bonds 2017 Series A-1 and A-3; payable in annual installments beginning April 1, 2018; interest at 2.23%; interest paid on unpaid principal installment amounts due and payable in semiannual payments commencing October 1, 2017; thereafter due first day of April and October each year; thereafter until maturity; the term for this obligation is 10 years. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$6,527,000.

Bond payable, Community Development Administration Local Government Infrastructure Bonds 2012 Series A (Ambac Insured); payable in annual installments beginning May 1, 2013; interest at 3.562%; interest paid on unpaid principal installment amounts due and payable in semiannual payments commencing November 1, 2012; thereafter due first day of May and November each year; thereafter until maturity; the term for this obligation is 20 years. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$367,605.

The changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Business Activities									
	Water and Sewer Fund		I	General Long-term Debt	Compensated Absences					et Pension Liability	 Total
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$	11,064,679	\$	4,238,607	\$	367,118	\$	477,281	\$	971,794	\$ 17,119,479
Increase		-		-		65,809		-			65,809
Decrease		(810,865)		(265,750)				(94,125)		(248,852)	(1,419,592)
Ending balance, June 30, 2022	\$	10,253,814	\$	3,972,857	\$	432,927	\$	383,156	\$	722,942	\$ 15,765,696
Amounts due in one year	\$	822,696	\$	270,275	\$		\$		\$		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### **Business-Type Activities** (continued)

Long-term debt service requirements are as follows:

	ties				
For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	<b>Total</b>		
2023	\$ 270,275	\$ 112,560	\$ 382,835		
2024	276,750	106,330	383,080		
2025	281,125	99,755	380,880		
2026	290,625	92,796	383,421		
2027	299,000	85,172	384,172		
2028-2032	1,622,425	288,918	1,911,343		
2033-2036	932,657	67,887	1,000,544		
Total	\$ 3,972,857	\$ 853,418	\$ 4,826,275		

	<b>Business Activities</b>									
For the Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total							
2023	\$ 822,696	\$ 293,905	\$ 1,116,601							
2024	838,689	278,418	1,117,107							
2025	853,993	262,441	1,116,434							
2026	872,685	244,766	1,117,451							
2027	796,571	225,295	1,021,866							
2028-2032	2,535,146	963,350	3,498,496							
2033-2037	2,287,900	620,474	2,908,374							
2038-2042	880,500	334,600	1,215,100							
2043-2047	365,634	161,413	527,047							
Total	\$ 10,253,814	\$ 3,384,662	\$ 13,638,476							

Interest expense was \$120,493 and \$308,548, for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 8. FUND BALANCE REPORTING

Fund balances for the Town's governmental funds consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

#### **Non-Spendable Fund Balance**

As of June 30, 2022, non-spendable fund balance was \$99,664 pertaining to notes receivable in the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 8. FUND BALANCE REPORTING (continued)

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

As of June 30, 2022, restricted fund balance was \$329,464 related to perpetual care in the general fund and \$1,748,557 in the special revenue fund.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

As of June 30, 2022, committed fund balance was \$105,439 to revolving housing funds in the general fund.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

Unassigned fund balance totaled \$5,419,947 in the general fund.

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Town participates in the Maryland State Pension System (the System) described below and qualifies as a Participating Governmental Unit (PGU). The State Retirement Agency (the Agency) is the Plan administrator and fiduciary. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 requires that a PGU recognize its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability (i.e., unfunded pension liability) and pension expense. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is based on total System contributions and approximates \$722,942 as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

The Town's fiscal 2022 contribution of \$103,892 is therefore recognized as a pension-related deferred outflow of resources.

#### **Description of Plan**

The State of Maryland identifies multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans as costsharing plans.

The Employees' Pension System of the State of Maryland (Pension System) was established January 1, 1980. The Pension System covers employees hired after December 31, 1979, as well as Retirement System participants who have voluntarily joined the Pension System. The Employees Contributory Pension System of the State of Maryland (Contributory Pension System) was established July 1, 1998. The Town elected to participate in the Contributory Pension System during fiscal year 2010.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

### **Description of Plan** (continued)

Under the terms of the Contributory Pension System, a member hired may retire with full benefits upon attaining age 60 or after completing 30 years of eligible service regardless of age. A member may retire with reduced benefits prior to attaining age 60 after completing 25 years of eligible service. A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing five years of eligible service, becomes eligible for a vested retirement allowance upon age 60.

Under the terms of the Contributory Pension System, a member hired before July 1, 2011 may retire after 30 years of service regardless of age; at age 65 with two years of service; at age 64 with three years of service; at age 63 with four years of service; or at age 62 with at least five years of service. An employee hired before July 1, 2011 may also take early retirement with reduced benefits at age 55 with 15 years of service. A member hired before July 1, 2011 terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing five years of eligible service, becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance upon reaching age 62. Members hired on or after July 1, 2011 may retire when their age and years of eligibility service totals 90 years or at age 65 with 10 years of eligibility service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2011 may retire with reduced benefits at age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service. A member hired on or after July 1, 2011 terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing ten years of eligible service becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance upon reaching age 65.

On retirement from service, a member of any of these plans shall receive an annual service retirement allowance based on the member's average final compensation and years of creditable service multiplied by a factor. This factor varies from 1.2% to 2.0% per eligible service year depending on employee/employer contributions and other plan-specific provisions. Early retirement, where available, is subject to provisions that reduce the benefit received.

Benefits are established under the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The plan is administered by the Maryland State Retirement Agency.

The Pension System issues annual financial statements which are publicly available at www.sra.state.md.us or may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 301 West Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21201, or by calling 1-800-492-5909.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Funding Policy

Obligations to contribute to the plans are under the Annotated Code of Maryland. Members of the pension plan contribute 10% of annual compensation during employment. The required contribution rate is determined on an actuarially determined basis. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town contributed \$103,892. The Town contributed 100% of its required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2022. For members of the pension plan, full service pension allowances equal 2% of average final compensation (AFC) up to a maximum benefit of 60% of AFC (30 years of credit).

#### Actuarial assumptions

The key actuarial assumptions used to perform the June 30, 2022 pension liability calculation are as follows:

Actuarial Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll

Inflation 2.25% General

Salary Increase 2.75% Investment Rate of Return 6.80%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables with generational mortality projections using scale MP-2018, calibrated to MSRPS experience.

#### **Investments**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Pension System's Board after considering input from the investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the Pension System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		<b>Long-Term Expected Real</b>
<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocations</b>	Rate of Return
Public equity	37%	4.70%
Rate sensitive	19%	-0.40%
Credit/Debt related	9%	2.60%
Real assets	14%	4.20%
Absolute return	8%	2.00%
Private equity	13%	6.50%
Total	100%	•

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made a rate equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability**

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the System's net pension liability and the Town's proportionate share of the System's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80%, a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (i.e., 5.80%), and a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point higher (i.e., 7.80%).

	1.0% Decrease (5.80%)		 rrent Rate (6.80%)	 % Increase 7.80%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,231,271	\$ 722,942	\$ 301,286

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$722,942 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units, actuarially determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$47,056. As of June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	eferred Outflows	eferred Inflows
Change of assumptions	\$ 139,932	\$ 15,495
Change in proportionate share	77,886	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	70,377	400,533
Difference between actual and expected experience	-	55,411
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	103,892	 -
Total	\$ 392,087	\$ 471,439

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are related to pension, which will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year</b>	Total					
2023	\$ (40,421)					
2024	(40,421)					
2025	(35,032)					
2026	(35,475)					
2027	(49,644)					
2028	 17,749					
Total	\$ (183,244)					

#### 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town provides a post-employment medical insurance benefit and a prescription health reimbursement expense account to employees who retire from employment with a minimum of twenty-five years of service. These post-employment benefits are subject to change at any time. The Town has not yet established a formal policy, has not restricted any funds for the Plan, nor set up a trust to pay benefits. Currently, the employer's contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, and the future payment of these benefits is contingent upon the annual approval of the operating budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The Town offers post-retirement health care benefits to employees who retire from the Town under normal or early retirement provisions of the pension plan. The health care benefits are provided until the retiree is eligible for Medicare. Retirees who exercise the one-time option for the health care benefits pay one-half of the estimated cost of the benefits. The Town pays the remaining cost as part of its self-insurance program. Currently, five retirees are receiving benefits and thirty-five employees are active plan members. Expenditures for postretirement health care benefits are recognized as retirees report claims and include a provision for estimated claims incurred but not yet reported.

The Town offered a special termination benefit to employees that retired between July 1, 1995 and September 30, 1995. Those employees are receiving health care benefits (managed care program) from the date of retirement until they are eligible for Medicare or turn 65. One former employee is receiving this benefit.

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### *Net OPEB Liability*

The net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability minus the net position of the plan. The result as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 383,156
Net position	 -
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 383,156

Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability is 0%.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and includes the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

This plan offers a fixed dollar benefit that is not impacted by the medical trend.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, calculated using a discount rate of 3.69% as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.69%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current rate:

	1.0%	6 decrease	Cu	rrent rate	1.0%	% increase		
	(	2.69%)	(	3.69%)	(4.69%)			
Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$	434,278	\$	383,156	\$	340,788		

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized an OPEB expense of \$31,518. As of June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	D	eferred				
	Οι	ıtflows of	Defer	red Inflows		
	R	esources	of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	125,420	\$	29,133		
Changes of assumptions		45,630		88,941		
Total	\$	171,050	\$	118,074		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in the expense as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 7,593
2024	7,593
2025	7,593
2026	7,593
2027	7,593
Thereafter	 15,011
Total	\$ 52,976

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Grants

The Town receives grants from time-to-time. Expenditures from certain grants are subject to audit by the grantor, and the Town is contingently liable to refund amounts received in excess of allowable expenditures. In the opinion of the Town's management, no material refunds will be required as a result of disallowed expenditures.

#### **Borrowing Limit**

In connection with the debt acquired in aggregate of \$14,226,671, the Town, by Charter Amendment, agreed to limit the amount of money it can borrow to an amount not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of its assessable tax base of \$598,662,000. Currently, the borrowing limit is \$119,732,400.

#### Litigation

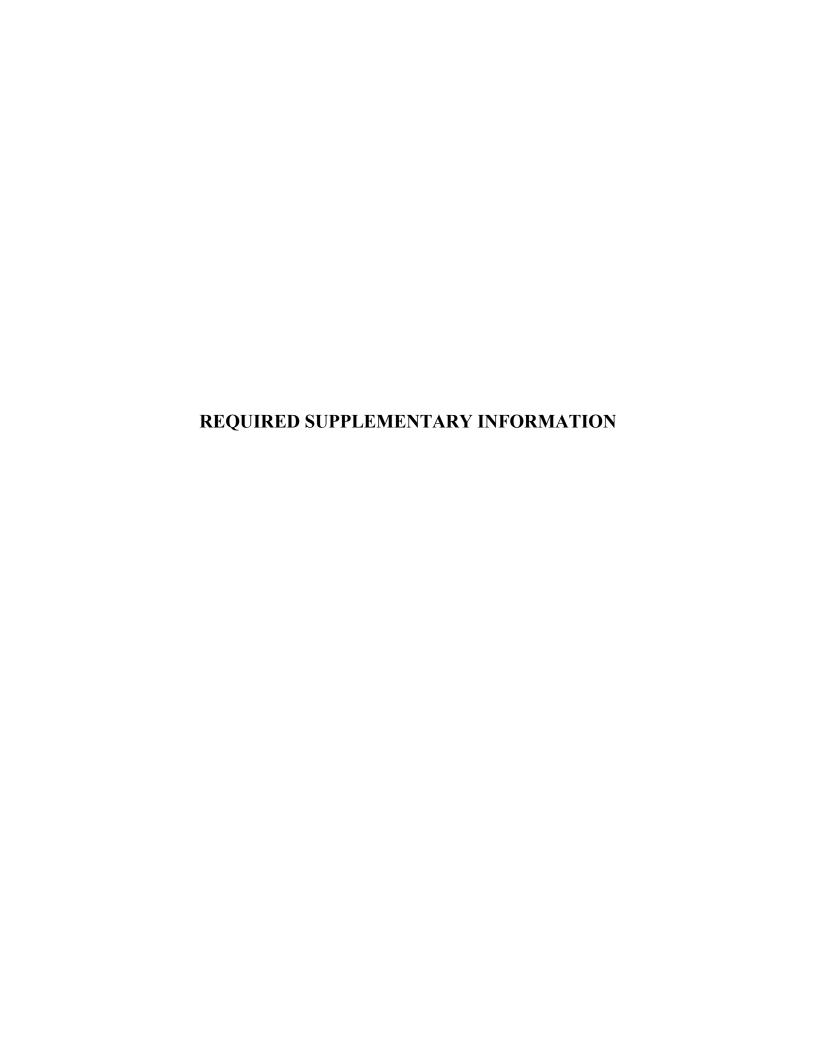
In the normal course of business, the Town is a defendant in several lawsuits which management is vigorously defending. No contingency has been established because neither the outcome of the cases nor the amount of an award, if any, can be determined. The Town's attorney and the insurance carrier are defending these matters.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 12. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, GASB has issued the following pronouncements: Statement No. 87, Leases; Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period; Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020; Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates; and Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. These statements have been implemented and did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations; Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements; Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements; Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022; Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections; and Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, which will require adoption in the future, if applicable. The Town will be analyzing the effects of these pronouncements and plans to adopt them, as applicable, by their effective dates.



# Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

_	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Town's proportion (%) of collective net pension liability	0.005%	0.004%	0.004%	0.003%	0.004%	0.004%	0.004%	0.003%
Town's proportionate share (\$) of collective net pension liability	722,942	\$ 971,794	\$ 755,098	\$ 473,707	\$ 610,884	\$ 731,555	\$ 849,555	\$ 786,927
Town's covered-employee payroll (\$)	1,475,740	1,575,873	1,374,365	1,374,365	1,678,660	1,555,613	1,617,811	1,402,901
Town's proportionate share of collective net pension liability as a percentage of its								
covered-employee payroll								
	48.99%	61.67%	54.94%	34.47%	36.39%	47.03%	52.51%	56.09%
Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.84%	70.72%	71.18%	71.18%	69.38%	65.79%	68.78%	71.87%

The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement for specific information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is complied, information is only presented for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of the Town's Pension Plan Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 103,892	\$ 106,185	\$ 92,189	\$ 75,178	\$ 58,058	\$ 76,809	\$ 70,145	\$ 80,884
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 103,892	106,185	92,189	75,178	58,058	76,809	70,145	80,884
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 							
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,475,740	\$ 1,429,454	\$ 1,575,873	\$ 1,374,365	\$ 1,678,660	\$ 1,678,660	\$ 1,617,811	\$ 1,402,901
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.0%	7.4%	5.9%	5.5%	3.5%	4.6%	4.3%	5.8%

The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement for specific information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is only presented for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of Revenue and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original						
	Budget		_Fi	nal Budget	Actual		V	ariance
REVENUE								
Revenues from local sources								
General property taxes	\$	3,202,842	\$	3,202,842	\$	3,218,089	\$	15,247
Local income taxes		700,000		700,000		845,305		145,305
Public utility taxes		873,116		873,116		928,363		55,247
Total taxes		4,775,958	<u> </u>	4,775,958		4,991,757		215,799
Licenses and permits		110,250		110,250		165,166		54,916
Intergovernmental		307,693		307,693		384,531		76,838
Charges for services		458,008		458,008		543,402		85,394
Miscellaneous								
Interest income		20,100		20,100		27,452		7,352
Other income		284,119		284,119		196,158		(87,961)
Total miscellaneous		304,219		304,219		223,610		(80,609)
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	5,956,128	\$	5,956,128	\$	6,308,466	\$	352,338

# Schedule of Revenue and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES				
Town administration				
Council	\$ 59,019	\$ 59,019	\$ 46,980	\$ 12,039
Administration	763,688	763,688	813,712	(50,024)
Planning and zoning	113,800	113,800	113,994	(194)
Total town administration	936,507	936,507	974,686	(38,179)
Public safety				
Police	1,617,038	1,617,038	1,603,533	13,505
Volunteer fire and rescue services	45,000	45,000	45,000	
Total public safety	1,662,038	1,662,038	1,648,533	13,505
Public works				
Highways and streets	1,382,897	1,382,897	1,162,313	220,584
Landfill	364,598	364,598	296,959	67,639
Total public works	1,747,495	1,747,495	1,459,272	288,223
Parks and recreation	206,336	206,336	334,565	(128,229)
Public cemetery	150,043	150,043	107,165	42,878
Debt service				
Principal			265,750	(265,750)
Other				
Other items	478,100	478,100	587,462	(109,362)
Oil C				
Other financing uses Transfers out	436,558	436,558	518,901	(82,343)
Transiers out	430,336	430,338	310,901	(62,343)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,617,077	5,617,077	5,896,334	(279,257)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over				
expenditures	\$ 339,051	\$ 339,051	\$ 412,132	\$ 73,081

# Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB liability	·			_		_		_		_
Service cost	\$	14,955	\$	14,540	\$	11,890	\$	10,492	\$	10,197
Interest		8,970		7,317		8,283		10,137		9,974
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(3,372)		150,532		6,866		(41,010)		-
Changes of assumptions		(97,878)		19,618		26,735		16,487		(1,461)
Benefit payments		(16,800)		(19,800)		(19,800)		(12,600)		(19,400)
Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability		(94,125)		172,207		33,974		(16,494)		(690)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		477,281		305,074		271,100		287,594		288,284
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	383,156	\$	477,281	\$	305,074	\$	271,100	\$	287,594
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	16,800	\$	19,800	\$	19,800	\$	12,600	\$	19,400
Net investment income										-
Benefit payments		(16,800)		(19,800)		(19,800)		(12,600)		(19,400)
Administrative expense	-			-						
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		-		-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net positions - beginning		<u> </u>								<u> </u>
Plan fiduciary net positions - ending (b)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
County's Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	383,156	\$	477,281	\$	305,074	\$	271,100	\$	287,594
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,475,740	\$	1,429,454	\$	1,575,873	\$	1,374,365	\$	1,555,613
Net liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

#### Notes to schedule:

This information is not available for FY17 and prior.

The discount rate was changed from 1.92% as of June 30, 2021 to 3.69% as of June 30, 2022.

The annual determined contribution has not been calculated, therefore is not available.



# Supplemental Balance Sheet – General Fund As of June 30, 2022

	General Fund		Revolving Housing Fund		Perp	oetual Care Fund	To	tal General Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,475,872	\$	105,439	\$	221,670	\$	4,802,981
Accounts receivable - taxes		475,723		-		-		475,723
Accounts receivable - other - net		50,902		-		8,983		59,885
Notes receivable		-		99,664		-		99,664
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		912,343				98,811		1,011,154
TOTAL ASSETS		5,914,840		205,103		329,464		6,449,407
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		200,140		-		-		200,140
Accrued payroll		126,857						126,857
TOTAL LIABILITIES		326,997		-	-	-		326,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		327,387						327,387
FUND BALANCES								
Non-spendable		-		99,664		-		99,664
Restricted		-		-		329,464		329,464
Committed		-		105,439		-		105,439
Unassigned		5,260,456						5,260,456
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,260,456		205,103		329,464		5,795,023
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,914,840	\$	205,103	\$	329,464	\$	6,449,407

# Supplemental Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund		evolving Ising Fund	Perp	etual Care Fund	То	tal General Funds
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	4,146,452	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,146,452
Local income taxes		845,305	-		-		845,305
Intergovernmental revenue		384,531	-		-		384,531
Licenses and permits		165,166	-		-		165,166
Charges for services		520,602	-		22,800		543,402
Miscellaneous revenue		221,937	 540		1,133		223,610
Total Revenue		6,283,993	540		23,933		6,308,466
EXPENDITURES							
General government administration		1,213,076	-		-		1,213,076
Public safety		1,569,944	-		-		1,569,944
Public works		1,121,452	-		-		1,121,452
Parks and recreation		272,954	-		-		272,954
Cemetery		32,444	-		-		32,444
Stormwater/watershed		2,794	-		-		2,794
Centreville wharf		48,092	-		-		48,092
Capital outlays		730,434	-		-		730,434
Debt service							
Principal		265,750	-		-		265,750
Interest		120,493	-		-		120,493
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		5,377,433				-	5,377,433
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		906,560	 540		23,933		931,033
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers in/out		(518,901)	 		<u> </u>		(518,901)
Change in Fund Balance		387,659	 540		23,933		412,132
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,872,797	 204,563		305,531		5,382,891
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,260,456	\$ 205,103	\$	329,464	\$	5,795,023

## Supplemental Schedule of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund					
Revenue						
Charges for Services						
Sewer	\$ 1,383,282					
Water	1,240,683					
Sewer vacant lots	12,725					
Sale of crops	29,500					
Grant and other miscellaneous revenue	2,555,933					
<b>Total Charges for Services</b>	5,222,123					
Miscellaneous Revenue						
Investment earnings	47					
<b>Total Miscellaneous Revenue</b>	47					
Total Revenue	5,222,170					
Operating Expenses						
Sewer	1,275,748					
Water	1,181,816					
Farm	37,494					
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	2,495,058					
Debt Service						
Interest	308,548					
Admin fees	11,995					
Total Debt Service	320,543					
<b>Total Expenses</b>	2,815,601					
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,406,569					